FOREIGN INFLUENCE

(U/FOUO) Russia Likely to Continue Seeking to Undermine Faith in US Electoral Process

(U/FOUO) We assess that Russia is likely to continue amplifying criticisms of vote-by-mail and shifting voting processes amidst the COVID-19 pandemic to undermine public trust in the electoral process. Decisions made by state election officials on expanding vote-by-mail and adjusting in-person voting to accommodate challenges posed by COVID-19 have become topics of public debate. This public discussion represents a target for foreign malign influence operations that seeks to undermine faith in the electoral process by spreading disinformation about the accuracy of voter data for expanded vote-by-mail, outbound/inbound mail ballot process, signature verification and cure process, modifying scale of in-person voting, and safety and health concerns at polling places, according to CISA guidance documents provided to state and local election officials. Since at least March 2020, Russian malign influence actors have been amplifying allegations of election integrity issues in new voting processes and vote-by-mail programs.

- (U/FOUO) Russian state media and proxy websites in mid-August 2020 criticized the integrity of expanded and universal vote-by-mail, claiming ineligible voters could receive ballots due to out-of-date voter rolls, leaving a vast amount of ballots unaccounted for and vulnerable to tampering. These websites also alleged that vote-by-mail processes would overburden the US Postal Service and local boards of election, delaying vote tabulation and creating more opportunities for fraud and error.

- (U/FOUO) Since March 2020, Russian state media and proxy websites have denigrated vote-by-mail processes, alleging they lack transparency and procedural oversight, creating vast opportunities for voter fraud. These outlets also claimed that state election officials and policymakers leveraged the COVID-19 pandemic to justify politically-expedient decisions made on holding primary elections and implementing new voting processes and vote-by-mail programs allegedly designed to benefit specific candidates and influence election outcomes.

- (U/FOUO) Throughout the 2020 primary elections, Russian state media and proxy websites amplified public narratives about shortcomings in ballot delivery and processing, such as claims that voters would not receive their mail ballot in time to cast their vote. These websites highlighted reductions in the number of in-person polling

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* (U) See Appendix A: CISA Joint COVID Working Group Election Guidance Documents
b (U/FOUO) Russian influence proxy websites are websites with obfuscated ties to the Kremlin that regularly produce disinformation and narratives aligned with Russian interests.

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*Prepared by the Cyber Mission Center. Coordinated within the DHS Intelligence Enterprise (CETC, CICM, CWMD, ICE, TOC, TCNO, TSA, and USCG). For questions, contact DHS-SP5-RFI@hq.dhs.gov*
places in large cities due to the pandemic and the long lines this caused, claiming this would disproportionately suppress voting among African-Americans and expose them to the spread of COVID-19.

(U) Vote-By-Mail Process

(U) This graphic provides a functional overview of the process for vote-by-mail detailed in CISA's Mail-in Voting in 2020 Infrastructure Risk Assessment. While each state manages and conducts vote-by-mail differently based on jurisdictional legal requirements, common risks exist across implementation methods that Russian malign influence actors could draw attention to in an attempt to undermine public trust in the process.

(U//FOUO) We assess that Russian state media, proxies, and Russian-controlled social media trolls are likely to promote allegations of corruption, system failure, and foreign malign interference to sow distrust in democratic institutions and election outcomes. We base this assessment on content analysis of narratives and themes promoted by Russian state media and proxy websites throughout the 2020 election cycle concerning system integrity issues and parallels with observed Russian troll activity leading up to the 2018 and 2016 elections.

- (U//FOUO) Russia continues to spread disinformation in the United States designed to undermine American confidence in democratic processes and denigrate a perceived anti-Russia establishment, using efforts such as Russian-controlled internet trolls and other proxies, according to an ODNI press statement. In the Iowa Caucuses in February, Russian state media and proxy websites claimed that the contest was fixed in favor of establishment candidates and that technical difficulties with the caulcusing mobile voting application led to ballot manipulation. These outlets continued this narrative into March 2020, claiming that the Democratic Party made a corrupt back-room deal to orchestrate the exit of establishment candidates to consolidate the vote behind former Vice President Biden in advance of the Super Tuesday primary elections.

(U) Russian malign influence actors during the 2018 US midterm election claimed they controlled the US voting systems to prompt election integrity concerns, according to press reporting. In the 2016 US presidential election, Russian social media trolls targeted specific communities and claimed the election was rigged by the establishment, encouraging these voters to stay at home or vote for third-party candidates in order to influence the election outcome, according to reports by firms with expertise in social media network analysis.
Appendix A: CISA Joint COVID Working Group Election Guidance Documents

Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) Elections Infrastructure Government Coordinating Council (GCC) and Sector Coordinating Council’s (SCC) Joint COVID Working Group published a series of documents meant to provide guidance for state, local, tribal, and territorial election officials on how to administer and secure election infrastructure in light of the COVID-19 epidemic. These documents are written on the topics listed below.

- The Importance of Accurate Voter Data When Expanding Absentee or Mail Ballot Voting
- Election Education and Outreach for Increased Absentee or Mail Voting
- Electronic Ballot Delivery and Marking
- Helping Voters to Request a Mail-in Ballot
- Managing An Increase in Outbound Ballots
- Inbound Ballot Process
- Ballot Drop Box
- Signature Verification and Cure Process
- Vote by Mail/Absentee Voting Timeline
- Finding Voting Locations and Poll Workers
- Considerations for Modifying the Scale of In-Person Voting
- Health and Safety at the Polling Place
- Safeguarding Staff and Work Environment from COVID-19

Source, Reference, and Dissemination Information

Source Summary Statement: (U/FOOU) We assess that Russia is likely to continue amplifying criticisms of vote-by-mail and shifting voting processes amidst the COVID-19 pandemic to undermine public trust in the electoral process. This assessment is made with high confidence based on observations derived from Russian state media, Russian malign influence proxy websites, and CISA election guidelines. After the outbreak of COVID-19, there was a marked shift in messaging from allegations that the political establishment is corrupt and the electoral system is rigged to focusing on how vote-by-mail and shifting voting processes amidst the pandemic creates opportunities for voter fraud, voter suppression, and political manipulation of the process. This product uses 13 March 2020 as the start of the COVID-19 outbreak in the United States given the declaration of a national emergency by the President on that date and states subsequently shifting voting processes and deciding how to hold their primary elections.

(U/FOOU) We assess that Russian state media, proxies, and Russian-controlled social media trolls are likely to promote allegations of corruption, system failure, and foreign malign interference to sow distrust in democratic institutions and election outcomes. This assessment is made with high confidence based on ODNI’s July and August press statements on the status of Russian influence activities and DHS analysis of Russian state media, Russian influence proxy websites, US Senate-sponsored expert social media network analysis, CISA election guidelines, and press reporting providing corroborating evidence from multiple years across multiple platforms. The body of reporting on methods and narratives Russian malign influence actors have used against democratic processes in the United States over the past four years, and multiple election cycles, demonstrates the evolution of Russian influence tactics, techniques, and procedures and how they are most likely to operate throughout the 2020 US election cycle to achieve their aims.
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<tr>
<th>Warning Notices &amp; Handling Caveats</th>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>(U//FOUO)</strong> US persons linking, citing, quoting, or voicing the same arguments raised by these influence activities likely are engaging in First Amendment-protected activity, unless they are acting in concert with a threat actor. Furthermore, variants of the topics covered in this product, even those that include divisive terms, should not be assumed to reflect foreign influence or malign activity absent information specifically attributing the content to foreign malign actors. This information should be considered in the context of all applicable legal and policy authorities to use open source information while protecting privacy, civil rights, and civil liberties.</td>
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### Customer Feedback Form

**Product Title:** (U/FOUO) Russia Likely to Continue Seeking to Undermine Faith in US Electoral Process

All survey responses are completely anonymous. No personally identifiable information is captured unless you voluntarily offer personal or contact information in any of the comment fields. Additionally, your responses are combined with those of many others and summarized in a report to further protect your anonymity.

1. Please select partner type: Select One
   - [ ] and function: Select One

2. What is the highest level of intelligence information that you receive? Select One
   - [ ]

3. Please complete the following sentence: "I focus most of my time on:" Select One
   - [ ]

4. Please rate your satisfaction with each of the following:

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<th>Product's overall usefulness</th>
<th>Very Satisfied</th>
<th>Somewhat Satisfied</th>
<th>Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied</th>
<th>Somewhat Dissatisfied</th>
<th>Very Dissatisfied</th>
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<th>Product's relevance to your mission</th>
<th>Very Satisfied</th>
<th>Somewhat Satisfied</th>
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<th>Very Dissatisfied</th>
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<th>Product's timeliness</th>
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<th>Product's responsiveness to your intelligence needs</th>
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<th>Somewhat Satisfied</th>
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5. How do you plan to use this product in support of your mission? (Check all that apply.)

- [ ] Drive planning and preparedness efforts, training, and/or emergency response operations
- [ ] Observe, identify, and/or disrupt threats
- [ ] Share with partners
- [ ] Allocate resources (e.g., equipment and personnel)
- [ ] Reprioritize organizational focus
- [ ] Author or adjust policies and guidelines
- [ ] Initiate a law enforcement investigation
- [ ] Initiate your own regional-specific analysis
- [ ] Initiate your own topic-specific analysis
- [ ] Develop long-term homeland security strategies
- [ ] Do not plan to use
- [ ] Other: [ ]

6. To further understand your response to question #5, please provide specific details about situations in which you might use this product.

7. What did this product not address that you anticipated it would?

8. To what extent do you agree with the following two statements?

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<th>This product will enable me to make better decisions regarding this topic.</th>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Neither Agree nor Disagree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
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<th>This product provided me with intelligence information I did not find elsewhere.</th>
<th>Strongly Agree</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Neither Agree nor Disagree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
<th>Strongly Disagree</th>
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9. How did you obtain this product? Select One
   - [ ]

10. Would you be willing to participate in a follow-up conversation about your feedback? Yes

To help us understand more about your organization so we can better tailor future products, please provide:

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